

M. Hassan Shahzad

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EDUCATION

Habib University

Karachi, Pakistan

B.S. in Computer Science, Dhanani School of Science & Engineering

2023 – 2027 (expected)

- **Relevant coursework:** Introduction to Large Language Models (CS/CE 335/466), Machine Learning, Artificial Intelligence, Data Structures & Algorithms, Linear Algebra, Probability & Statistics, Database Systems.

PUBLICATIONS

- [P1] **M. Affan, M. H. Shahzad, M. Imam, M. Zulfiqar, S. Kumar, and A. Samad.** “Habib University at SemEval-2026 Task 3: A Pipeline Approach for Dimensional Aspect-Based Sentiment Analysis.” In *Proceedings of the 20th International Workshop on Semantic Evaluation (SemEval-2026)*, pp. 3449–3459, Association for Computational Linguistics, July 2026. **[Paper]**
Second author. Ranked 2nd internationally in Tatar and 6th in Russian for dimensional sentiment prediction. Best system RMSE of 0.5333 (Subtask 1) and cF1 of 0.5492 (Subtask 2).
- [P2] **M. Affan, M. B. Qureshi, M. H. Shahzad, F. Alvi, and A. Samad.** “HU_LLM_Fin @ FinMMEval 2026 Task 2: A Structure-Aware Hybrid RAG Pipeline utilizing Mixture-of-Experts.” **Accepted, in press.** To appear in *CLEF 2026 Working Notes*, CEUR Workshop Proceedings, CEUR-WS.org, Jena, Germany, September 2026. **[Camera-ready PDF]**
Joint first-author contribution. Placed 10th globally on the official blind test set, achieving ROUGE-1 scores of 0.3958 (Easy) and 0.3437 (Expert).

RESEARCH EXPERIENCE

Deep Learning for Multilingual Sentiment Analysis

Habib University

Undergraduate Researcher (Advisor: Dr. Abdul Samad) | Publication [P1]

2025 – 2026

- Co-developed a **four-stage multilingual transformer pipeline** (extraction, aspect–opinion pairing, category classification, valence–arousal regression) for Dimensional Aspect-Based Sentiment Analysis across **six languages** and **four domains**.
- Designed and evaluated **regression stabilisation strategies**, including label rescaling to $[-1, 1]$, Gaussian label-noise injection, Concordance Correlation Coefficient loss, and Savitzky–Golay smoothing, reducing average development RMSE from 0.9572 to 0.9366 across ten language–domain pairs.
- Benchmarked four multilingual encoder backbones under a unified fine-tuning framework to isolate the effect of model capacity on continuous affect prediction.
- Ran **controlled data-augmentation ablations** (mention replacement, contextualised masked language modelling, synthetic generation, external SIGHAN-2024 integration), identifying a **cross-lingual regularisation effect** in which external Chinese data improved zero-shot transfer to low-resource languages despite degrading in-language performance.
- Established that entity-preserving contextual MLM **harms** BIO boundary detection (F1 0.7846 to 0.7693), a negative result that redirected the team’s augmentation strategy toward semantic substitution.

Large Language Models for Cross-Lingual Financial QA

Habib University

Undergraduate Researcher (Advisor: Dr. Faisal Alvi) | Publication [P2]

2026

- Contributed to a **Structure-Aware Hybrid RAG pipeline** for cross-lingual question answering over SEC financial tables and multilingual news, spanning five languages.
- Co-designed a **row-aware chunking algorithm** that injects table headers and temporal context into fixed-size chunks, preventing the spatial degradation that standard recursive splitting inflicts on Markdown financial statements.
- Implemented **two-stage partitioned retrieval** fusing sparse lexical and dense multilingual signals with a cross-encoder reranker, mathematically constrained to rank tabular and narrative evidence independently so that descriptive text does not crowd out numerical grids.
- Deployed a **Mixture-of-Experts generation layer** with a constrained prompting protocol and scratchpad-based reasoning, chosen to bypass the token-rate limits that force context truncation in dense models.
- Conducted **qualitative error analysis** of reasoning traces, characterising mathematical-hallucination and zero-assumption failure modes in which the model overrode correct arithmetic or fabricated missing values rather than abstaining.

